



A WORKSHOP ON EYE TRACKING: WHY, WHEN, AND HOW?

ICA Commission of Cognitive Visualization

ICA Commission on Geovisualization

ICA Commission on Use and User Issues

Using EyeMMV Toolbox for eye movement analysis in cartographic experiments

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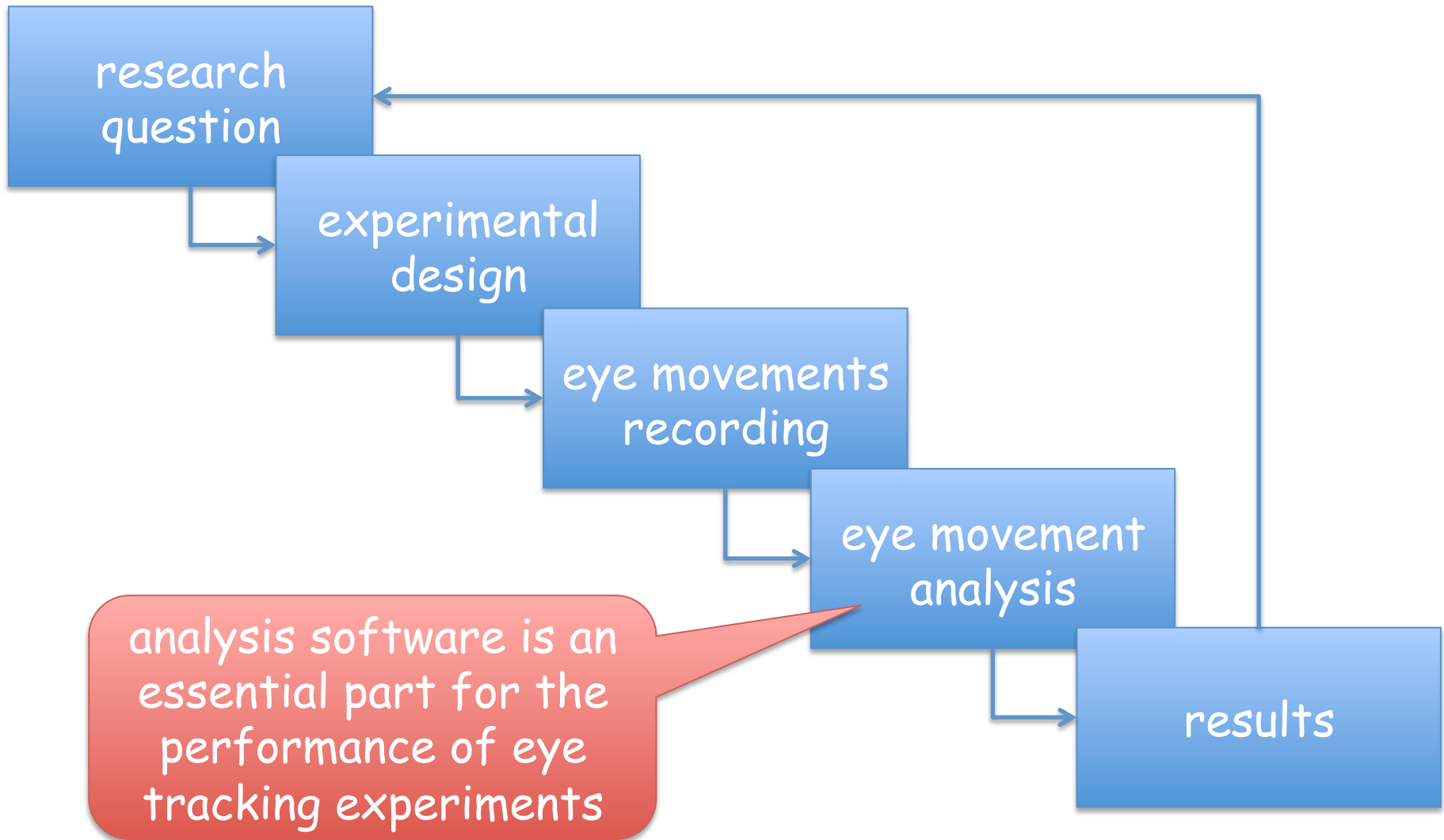
National Technical University of Athens, Greece

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Contents

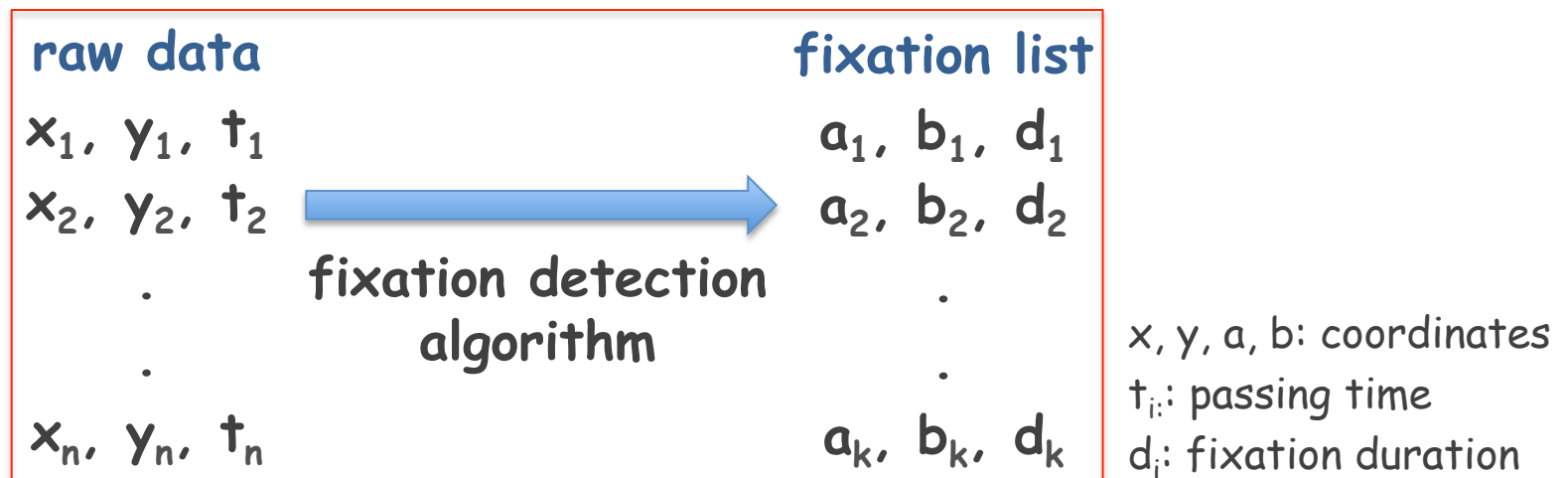
- eye movement analysis software & experimentation
- introducing EyeMMV Toolbox
- fixation detection with EyeMMV Toolbox
- eye movement metrics analysis with EyeMMV Toolbox
- the supported visualization techniques of EyeMMV Toolbox
- examples
- conclusions

A typical eye tracking experiment in simple steps

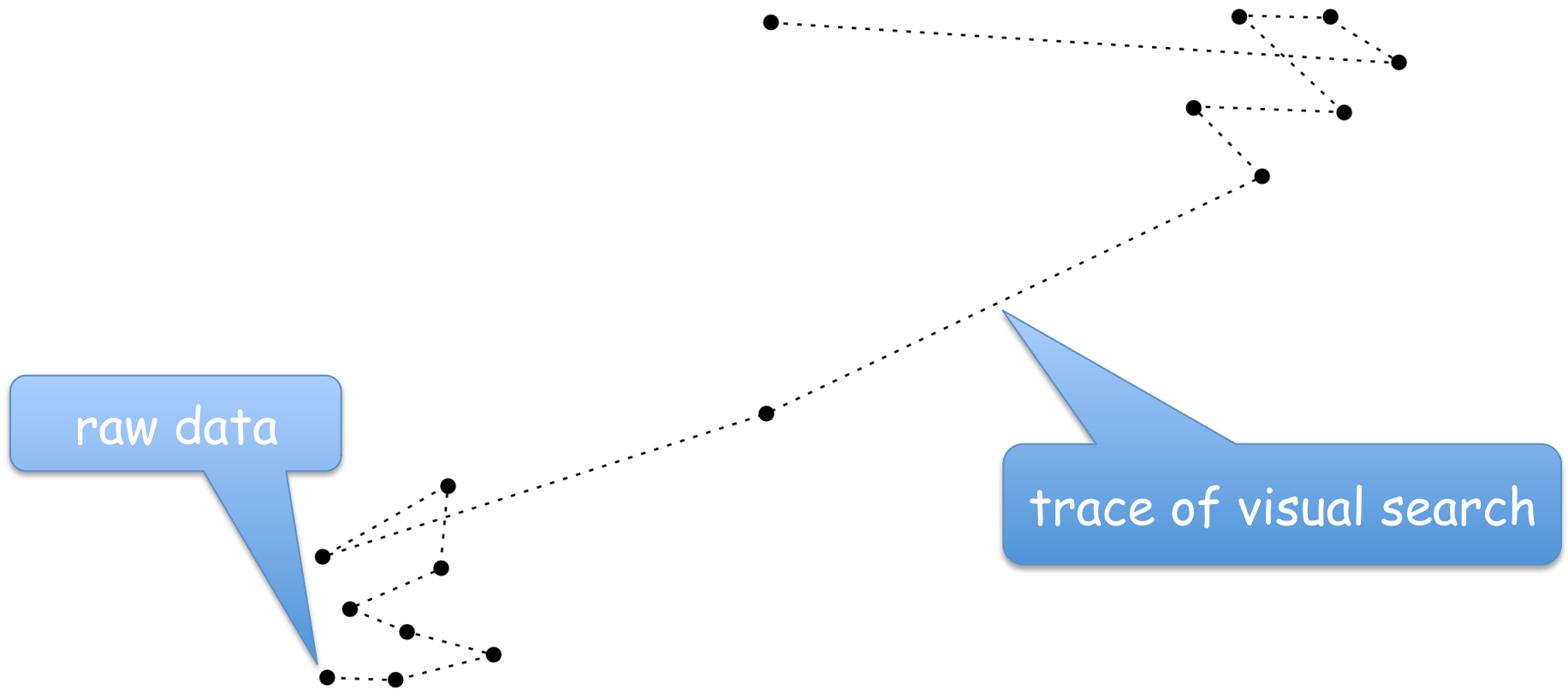


The main function of an analysis software

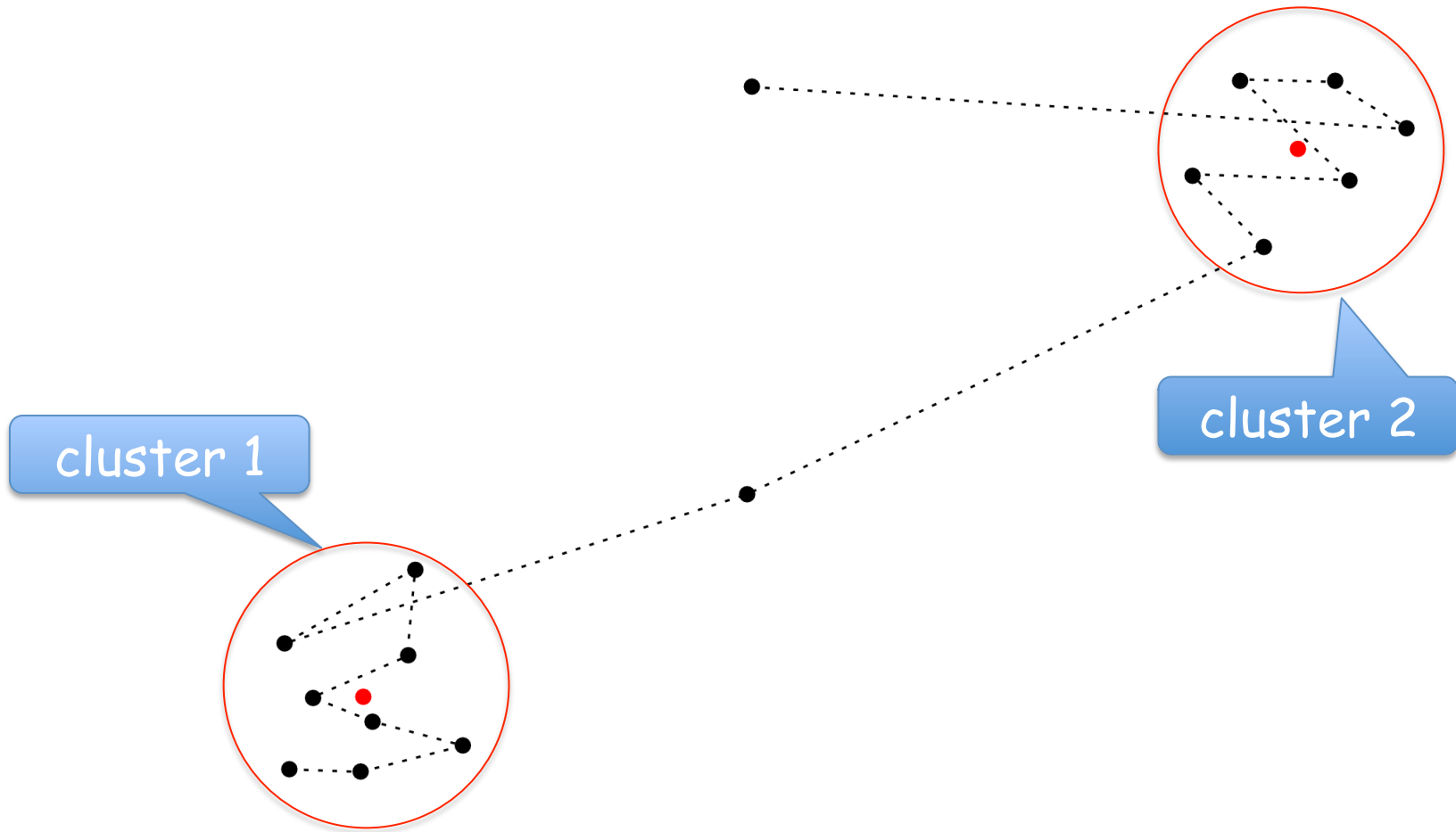
- detection of fixations among the eye tracking protocol
- modeling the raw data in fixations and saccades
- calculate derived metrics from fixations and saccades
- support different data visualization techniques



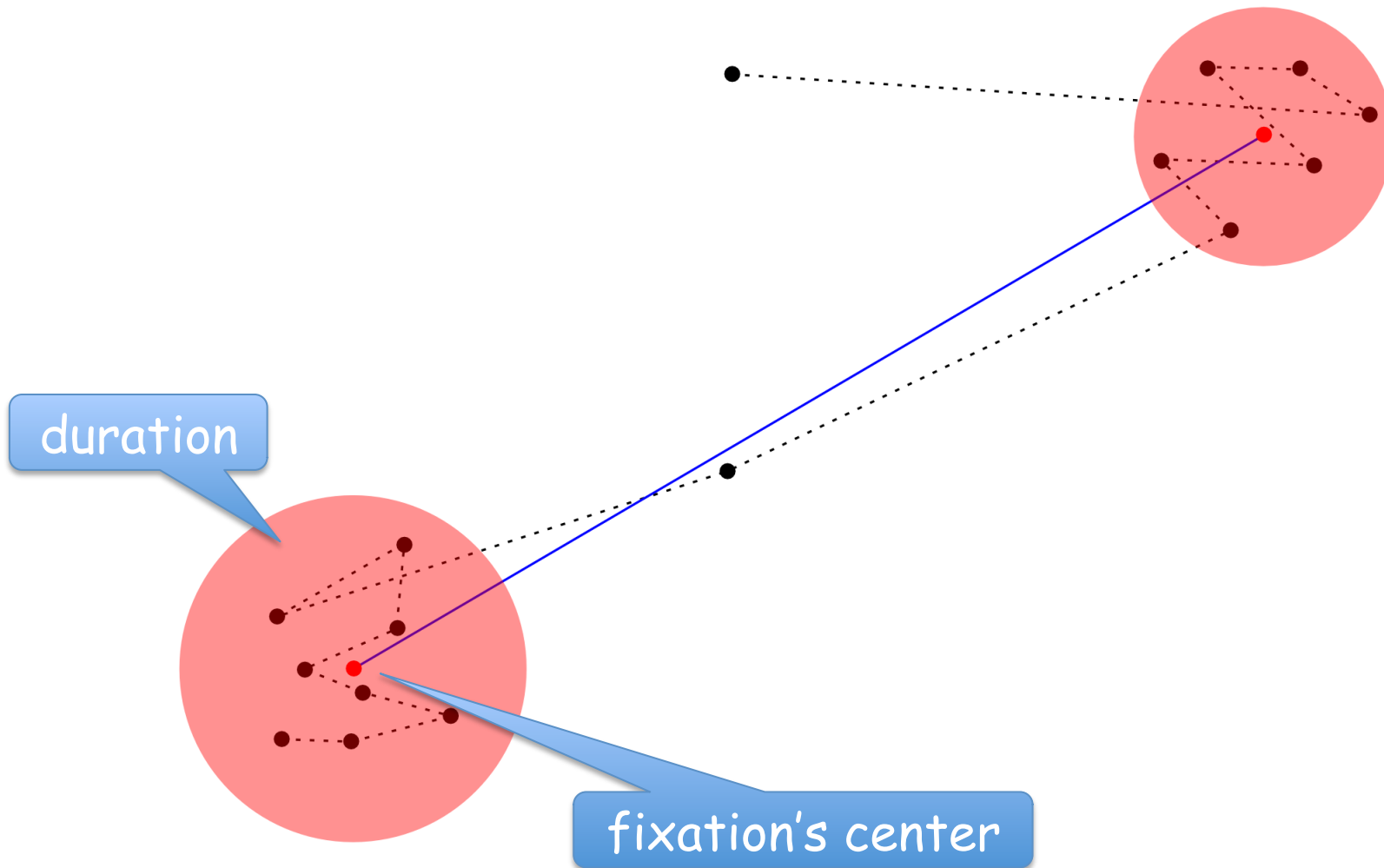
Detecting fixations in eye tracking protocols (1)



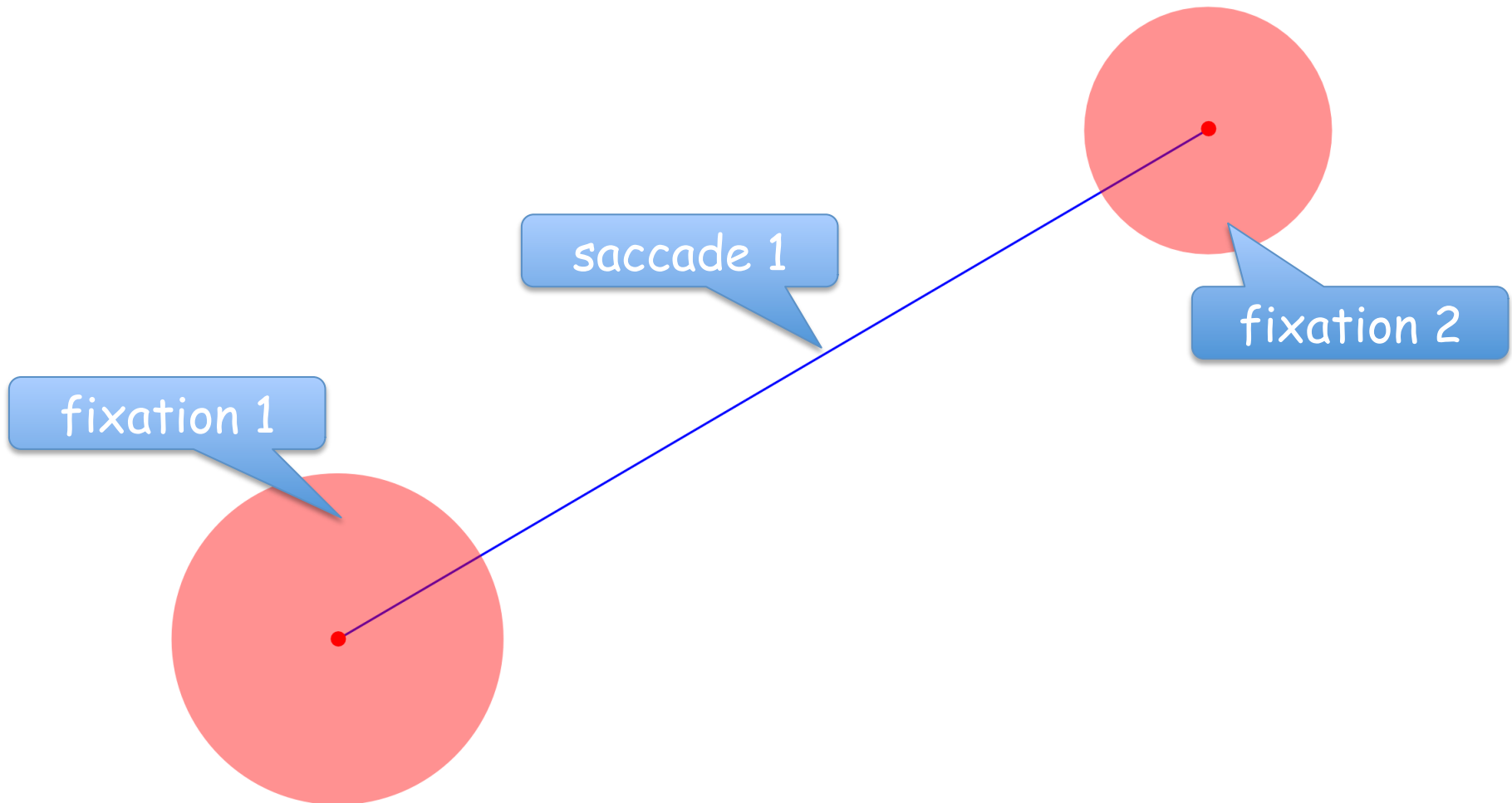
Detecting fixations in eye tracking protocols (2)



Detecting fixations in eye tracking protocols (3)



Detecting fixations in eye tracking protocols (4)



Introducing EyeMMV Toolbox (1)

- EyeMMV (Eye Movement Metrics & Visualizations) Toolbox
- a complete software for post-experimental eye movement analysis
- design and implementation in the scripting language of MATLAB (Mathworks®)
- fixation detection using an introduced algorithm based on spatial and temporal constraints
- support the analysis of main (fixation and saccades) and derived metrics (e.g. scanpath analysis)

Introducing EyeMMV Toolbox (2)

- support different visualization techniques
- list of MATLAB functions (Toolbox)
- EyeMMV can be imported in every MATLAB script or it can be easily running through MATLAB command line
- eye movements raw data: matrix format (advantageous run time through MATLAB environment)
- execution in every computer platform (Windows, Linux, Mac OS) where MATLAB is pre-installed

Fixation detection with EyeMMV (1)

The fixation detection algorithm is based on **two spatial parameters ($t1$, $t2$)** and on one **temporal parameter (minimum fixation duration: $minDur$)**.

Step 1

starting from the first record, the mean value of horizontal and vertical coordinates is computed **until the distance between mean point and the record $< t1$** (the list of records generates a fixation cluster).

Step 2

in each fixation cluster, if the **distance of one record $> t2$** the record is removed from the fixation cluster. The fixation center is calculated from the records which distances from the mean point is smaller than $t2$

Fixation detection with EyeMMV (2)

Step 3

the duration of each fixation is computed as the difference between the passing time of last record of the cluster from the first record of the cluster

Step 4

if fixation's duration is smaller than a predefined temporal threshold (minDur), the cluster is removed from the list of fixations

Note

as t2 spatial parameter the criterion of $3s$ can be used, where s corresponds to the standard deviation of the cluster



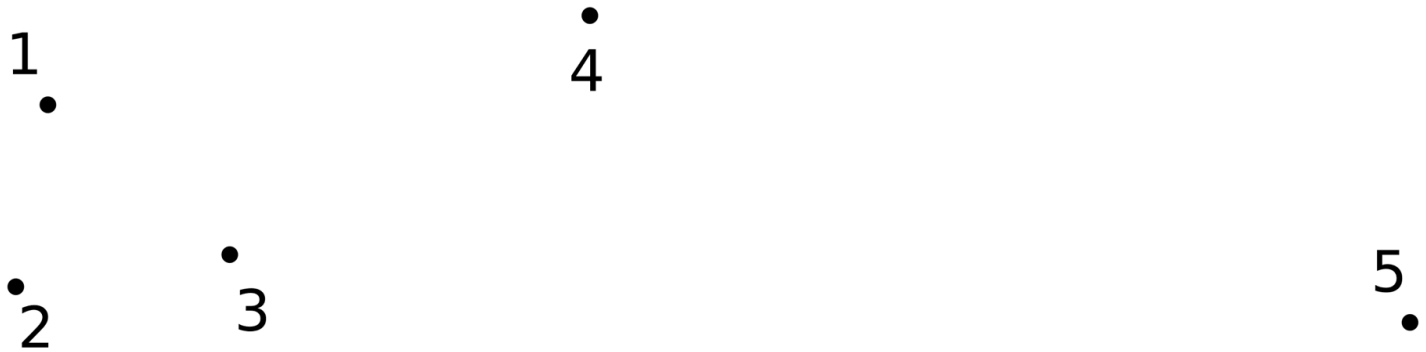
steps 1, 2, 3, 4

the computation of fixations is performed using spatial and temporal constraints

Fixation detection with EyeMMV: implementing the spatial parameters t1 and t2 (1)

raw data:

$(x_1, y_1, pt_1), (x_2, y_2, pt_2), (x_3, y_3, pt_3), (x_4, y_4, pt_4), (x_5, y_5, pt_5)$

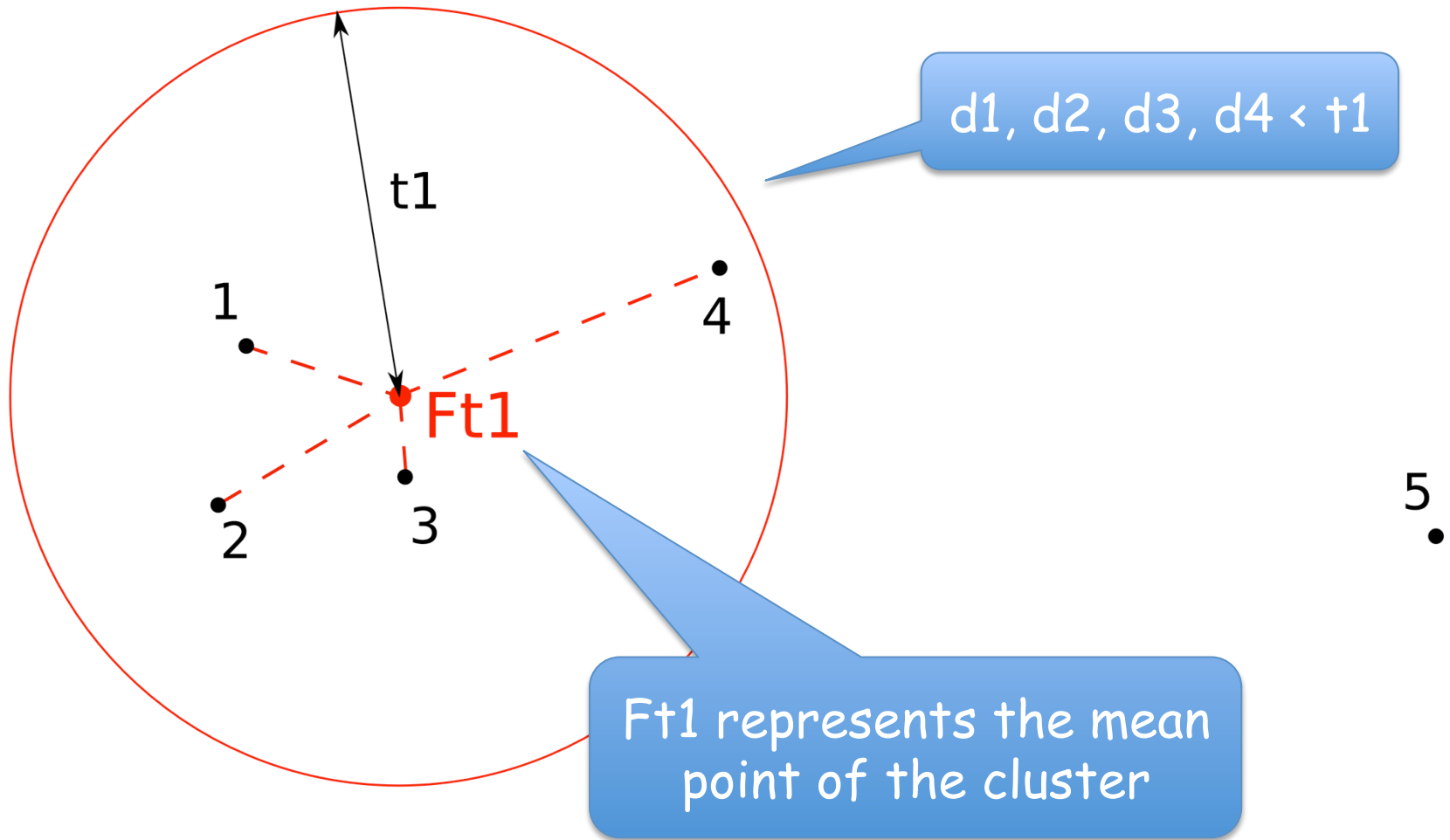


x: horizontal coordinate

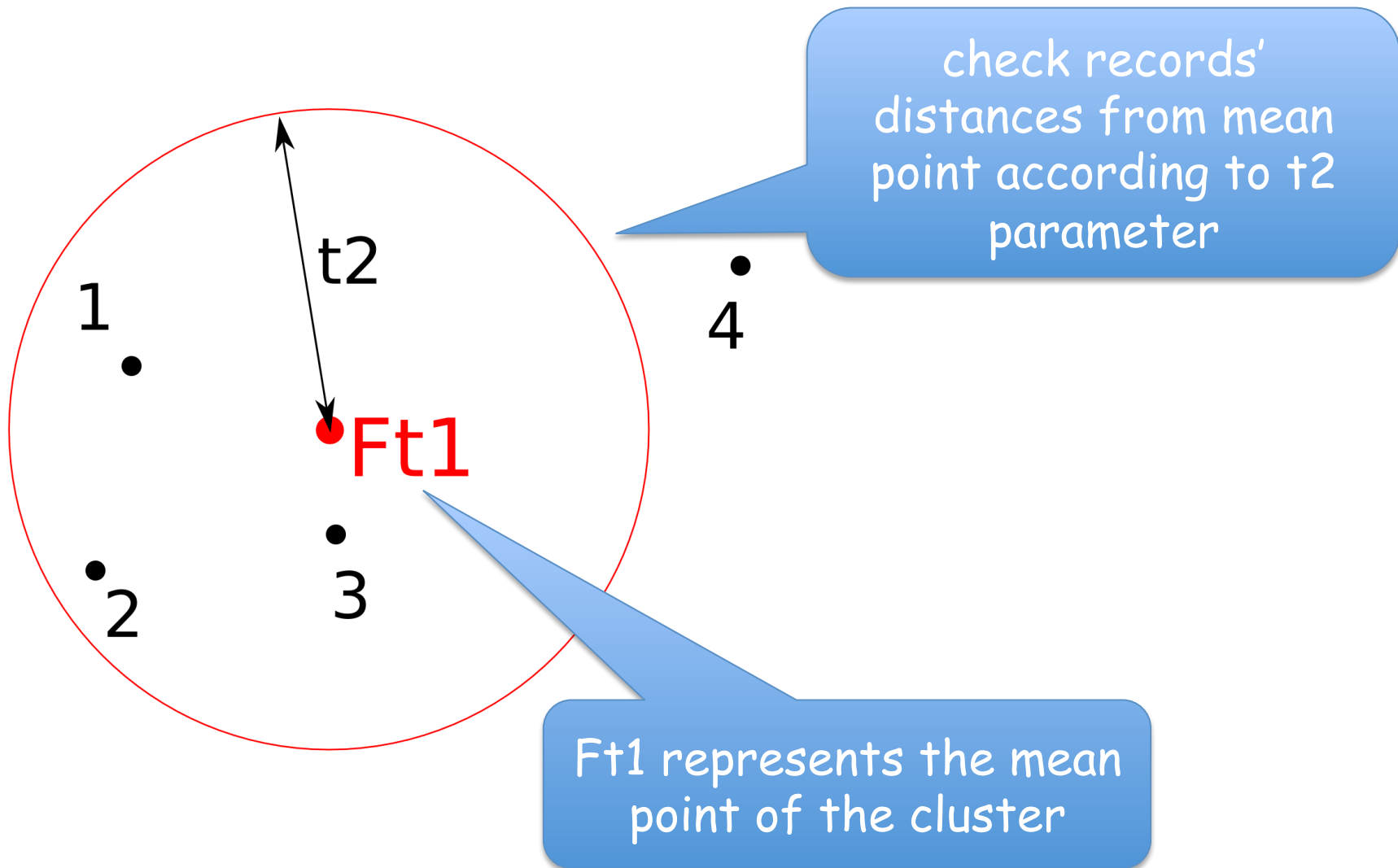
y: vertical coordinate

pt: passing time

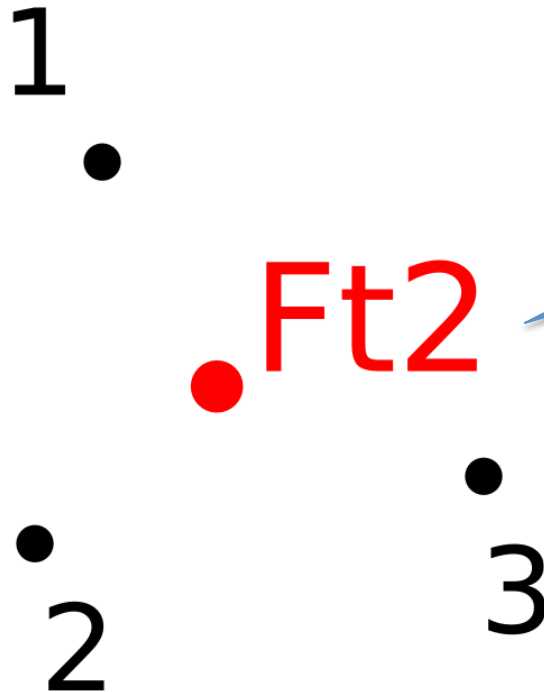
Fixation detection with EyeMMV: implementing the spatial parameters $t1$ and $t2$ (2)



Fixation detection with EyeMMV: implementing the spatial parameters t1 and t2 (3)



Fixation detection with EyeMMV: implementing the spatial parameters $t1$ and $t2$ (4)



$Ft2$ represents the mean point of the new cluster which corresponds to fixation's center

Fixation detection with EyeMMV: implementing the temporal constraint

Example:

7 fixations after the implementation of the spatial parameters

fixation list
(after t_1, t_2)

x_1, y_1, d_1

x_2, y_2, d_2

x_3, y_3, d_3

x_4, y_4, d_4

x_5, y_5, d_5

x_6, y_6, d_6

x_7, y_7, d_7

$d_1, d_2, d_4, d_5, d_7 >$
minimum duration



$d_3, d_6 <$
minimum duration

final list

x_1, y_1, d_1

x_2, y_2, d_2

x_4, y_4, d_4

x_5, y_5, d_5

x_7, y_7, d_7

EyeMMV Toolbox: the supported metrics

- ✓ coordinates:
two lists
(t1, t2, minDur) &
(t1, 3s, minDur)
- ✓ durations
- ✓ start/end time
- ✓ total number
- ✓ mean duration
- ✓ time to first
fixation
- ✓ list of repeat
fixations
- ✓ total duration



- ✓ total number
- ✓ saccade list
- ✓ start/end
fixation point
- ✓ duration
- ✓ amplitude
- ✓ direction
angle



- ✓ length
- ✓ duration
- ✓ saccades/fixation ratio
- ✓ spatial density
- ✓ transition matrix
- ✓ transition density

EyeMMV Toolbox: the supported data visualization techniques

- diagram of horizontal and vertical coordinates along time ($x-t$ and $y-t$ diagram)
- diagram of raw data distribution ($x-y$)
- diagram of raw data distribution over stimulus ($i-j$)
- scanpath diagram over stimulus
- heatmap visualization
- space-time-cube visualization

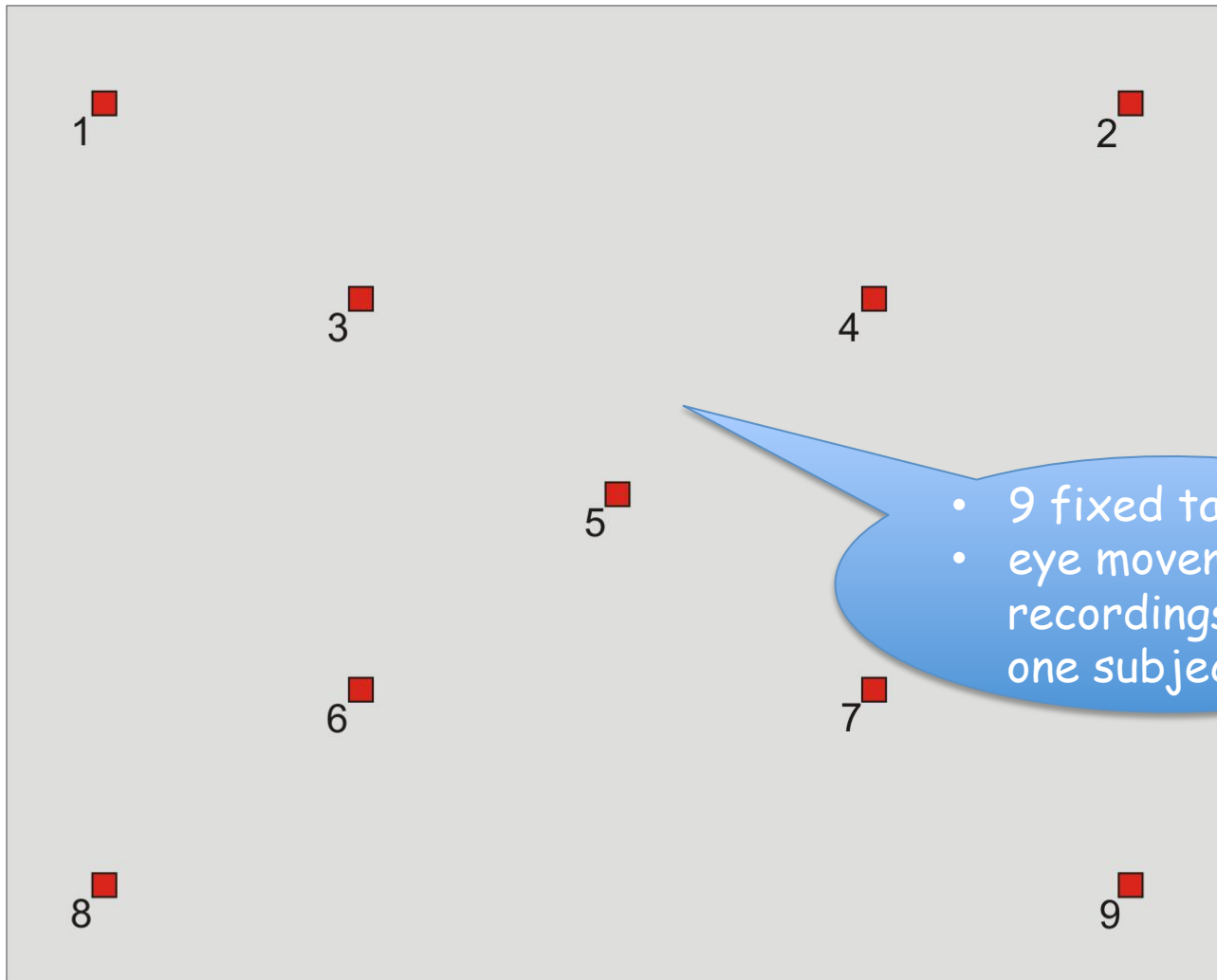
EyeMMV Toolbox: ROIs analysis

Defining a region of interest, EyeMMV is able to calculate different statistics:

- number of fixations in region
- list of fixations in region
- mean fixations' duration
- number (%) of fixations
- duration (%) of fixations

+ ROIs diagram

Example 1: executing EyeMMV Toolbox with a simple stimulus



- 9 fixed targets
- eye movement recordings from one subject

Example 1: fixation detection report

Fixation Detection Report

Import Parameters:

Spatial Parameter t1: 0.250
Spatial Parameter t2: 0.100
Minimum Fixation Duration: 150.00
Maximum Coordinate in Horizontal Dimension: 1.25
Maximum Coordinate in Vertical Dimension: 1.00

Number of Raw Data: 1448

Number of Data used in the analysis(t1,t2,minDur): 1411

Number of Data used in the analysis(t1,3s,minDur): 1411

Fixations:

Total Number of Fixations(t1,t2,minDur): 11

Total Number of Fixations(t1,3s,minDur): 11

t1,t2,minDur:

ID	Xcenter	Ycenter	Nt1	Nt2	StartTime	EndTime	Duration
1	0.5505	0.6639	8	7	2699.1000	2899.0000	199.9000
2	0.0916	0.8975	135	134	2998.9000	7430.7000	4431.8000
3	1.1437	0.8872	149	146	7597.3000	12428.9000	4831.6000
4	0.3424	0.7220	151	148	12595.5000	17493.8000	4898.3000
5	0.8857	0.7093	162	161	17593.7000	22925.2000	5331.5000
6	0.6077	0.5027	153	152	22958.5000	27990.0000	5031.5000
7	0.3436	0.2959	160	159	28056.7000	33321.4000	5264.7000
8	0.8933	0.2917	162	157	33521.4000	38719.5000	5198.1000
9	1.1099	0.0719	10	10	38786.2000	39086.1000	299.9000
10	0.1070	0.1030	173	170	39186.0000	44817.3000	5631.3000
11	1.1519	0.0961	181	167	44950.6000	50482.0000	5531.4000

t1,3s,minDur:

ID	Xcenter	Ycenter	Nt1	N3s	StartTime	EndTime	Duration
1	0.5326	0.6731	8	8	2699.1000	2932.3000	233.2000
2	0.0908	0.8983	135	132	3065.6000	7430.7000	4365.1000
3	1.1437	0.8872	149	146	7597.3000	12428.9000	4831.6000
4	0.3424	0.7220	151	148	12595.5000	17493.8000	4898.3000
5	0.8867	0.7105	162	158	17660.4000	22891.8000	5231.4000
6	0.6072	0.5027	153	151	22991.8000	27990.0000	4998.2000
7	0.3432	0.2949	160	157	28056.7000	33321.4000	5264.7000
8	0.8933	0.2917	162	157	33521.4000	38719.5000	5198.1000
9	1.1099	0.0719	10	10	38786.2000	39086.1000	299.9000
10	0.1077	0.1026	173	171	39152.7000	44817.3000	5664.6000
11	1.1401	0.1012	181	179	44950.6000	50881.9000	5931.3000

Raw Data and Fixations are visualized successfully

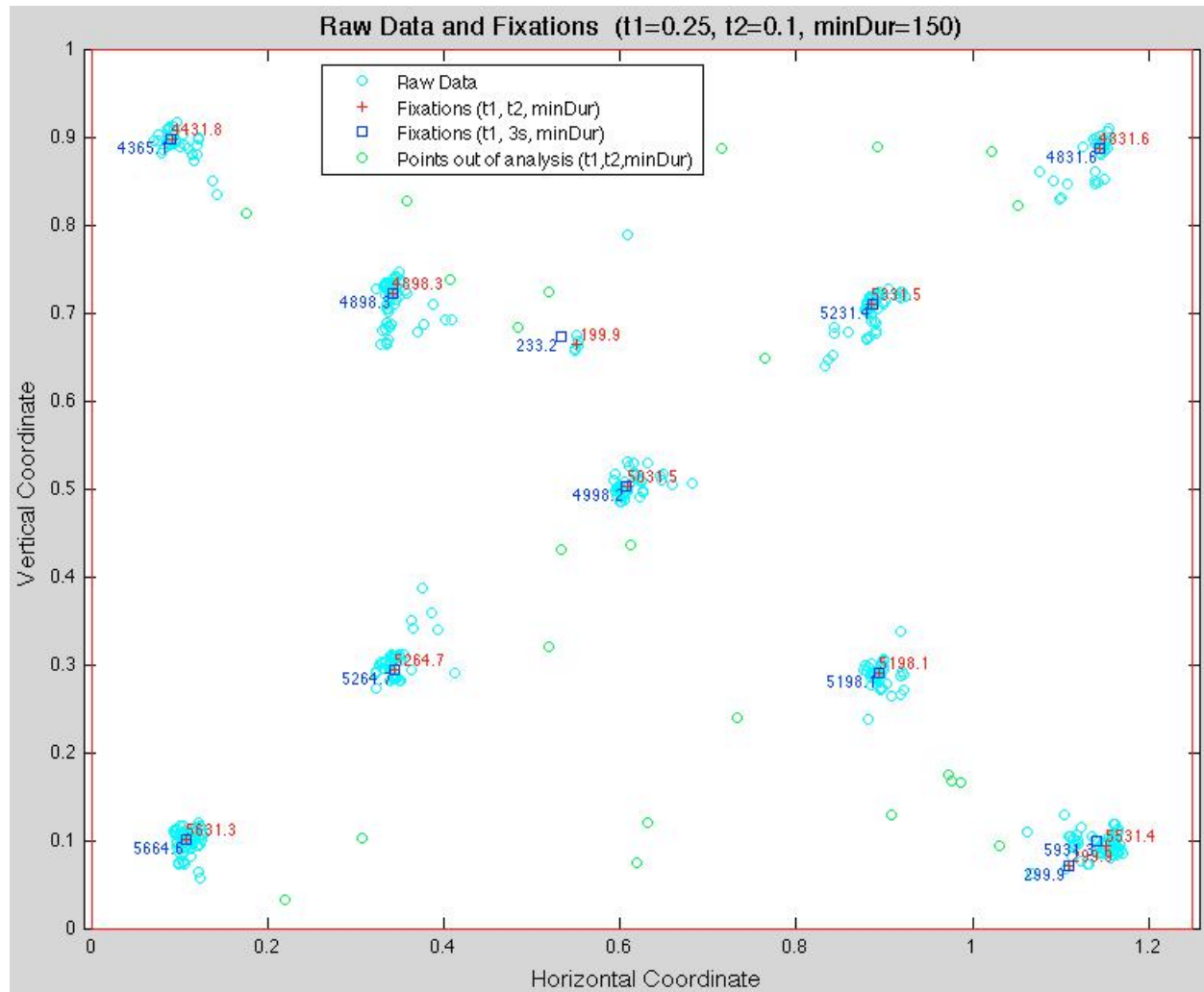
End of Fixation Detection report

} input
parameters for
the detection

} fixations' detection
(t1, t2, min duration)

} fixations' detection
(t1, 3s, min duration)

Example 1: visualizing raw data and fixations



Example 1: fixation metrics and saccade analysis

Eye Movement metrics analysis

Input Parameters:

Threshold for repeat fixations: 0.100
Scanpath spacing (spatial density computation): 0.250
Transition matrix spacing: 0.250

Fixation Metrics Analysis:

Total number of fixations: 11
Mean duration of fixations: 4240.9
Time to first fixation: 2699.1
Repeat Fixations:
(Fixation_1_id-Fixation_2_id-Distance)
9 11 0.048
Total duration of all fixations: 46650.0

Saccades Analysis:

Total number of saccades: 10
Saccades list:

(ID-X_Start_Point-Y_Start_Point-X_End_Point-Y_End_Point-
Duration-Amplitude-Direction_angle-Start_Fixation-End_Fixation)
1 0.5505 0.6639 0.0916 0.8975 99.9 0.515 296.978 1 2
2 0.0916 0.8975 1.1437 0.8872 166.6 1.052 90.561 2 3
3 1.1437 0.8872 0.3424 0.7220 166.6 0.818 258.351 3 4
4 0.3424 0.7220 0.8857 0.7093 99.9 0.543 91.339 4 5
5 0.8857 0.7093 0.6077 0.5027 33.3 0.346 233.382 5 6
6 0.6077 0.5027 0.3436 0.2959 66.7 0.335 231.938 6 7
7 0.3436 0.2959 0.8933 0.2917 200.0 0.550 90.438 7 8
8 0.8933 0.2917 1.1099 0.0719 66.7 0.309 135.420 8 9
9 1.1099 0.0719 0.1070 0.1030 99.9 1.003 271.776 9 10
10 0.1070 0.1030 1.1519 0.0961 133.3 1.045 90.378 10 11

Example 1: scanpath analysis

Scanpath Analysis:

Scanpath length: 6.517

Scanpath duration: 47782.9

Saccades/Fixations Ratio: 0.024

Scanpath Spatial Density: 0.450

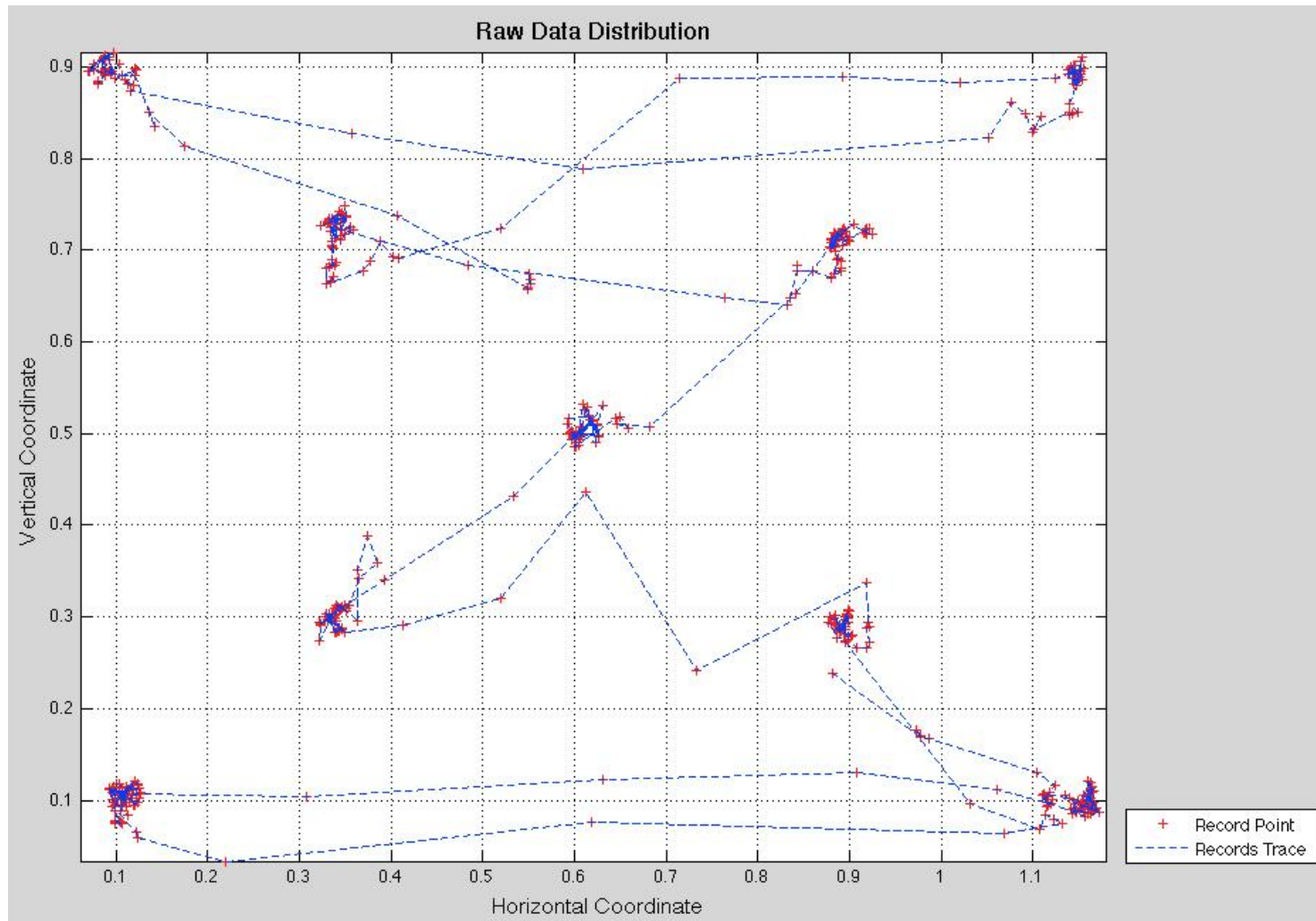
Transition Matrix:

	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-9	-10	-11	-12	-13	-14	-15	-16	-17	-18	-19	-20
1-	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5-	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
8-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
13-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
14-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
15-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
17-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0

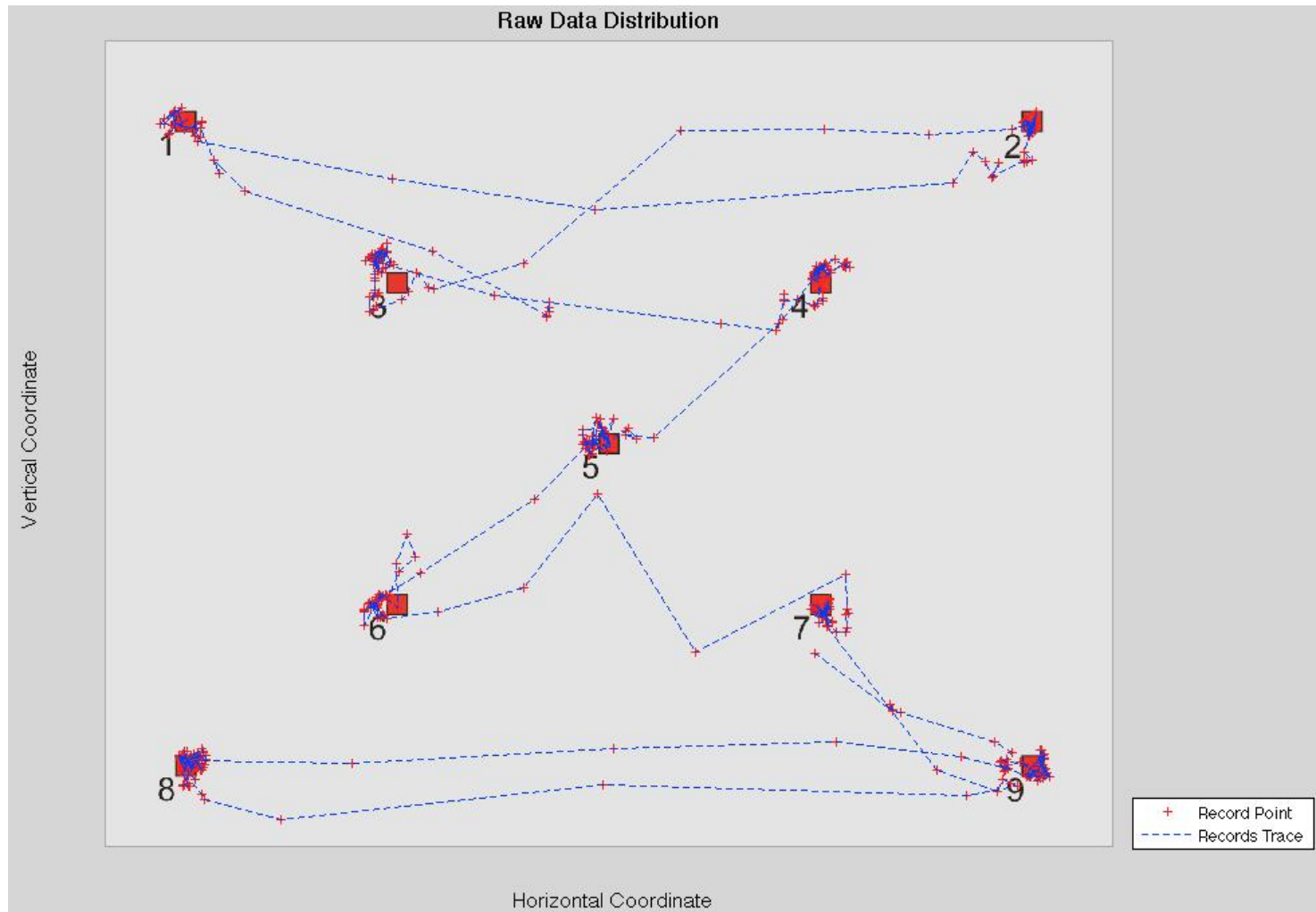
Transition Density: 0.025

End of Metrics Analysis Report

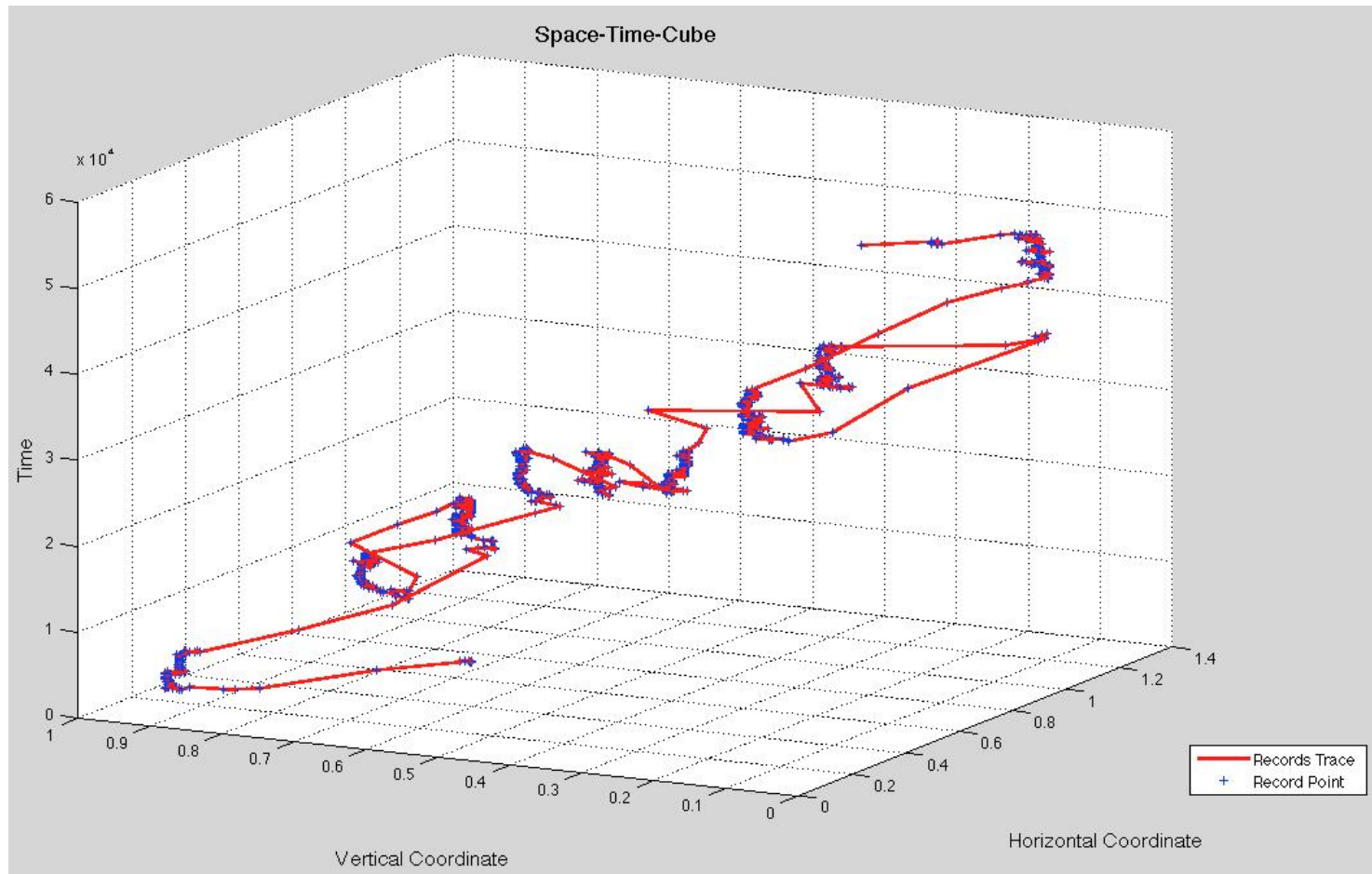
Example 1: visualizations (2)



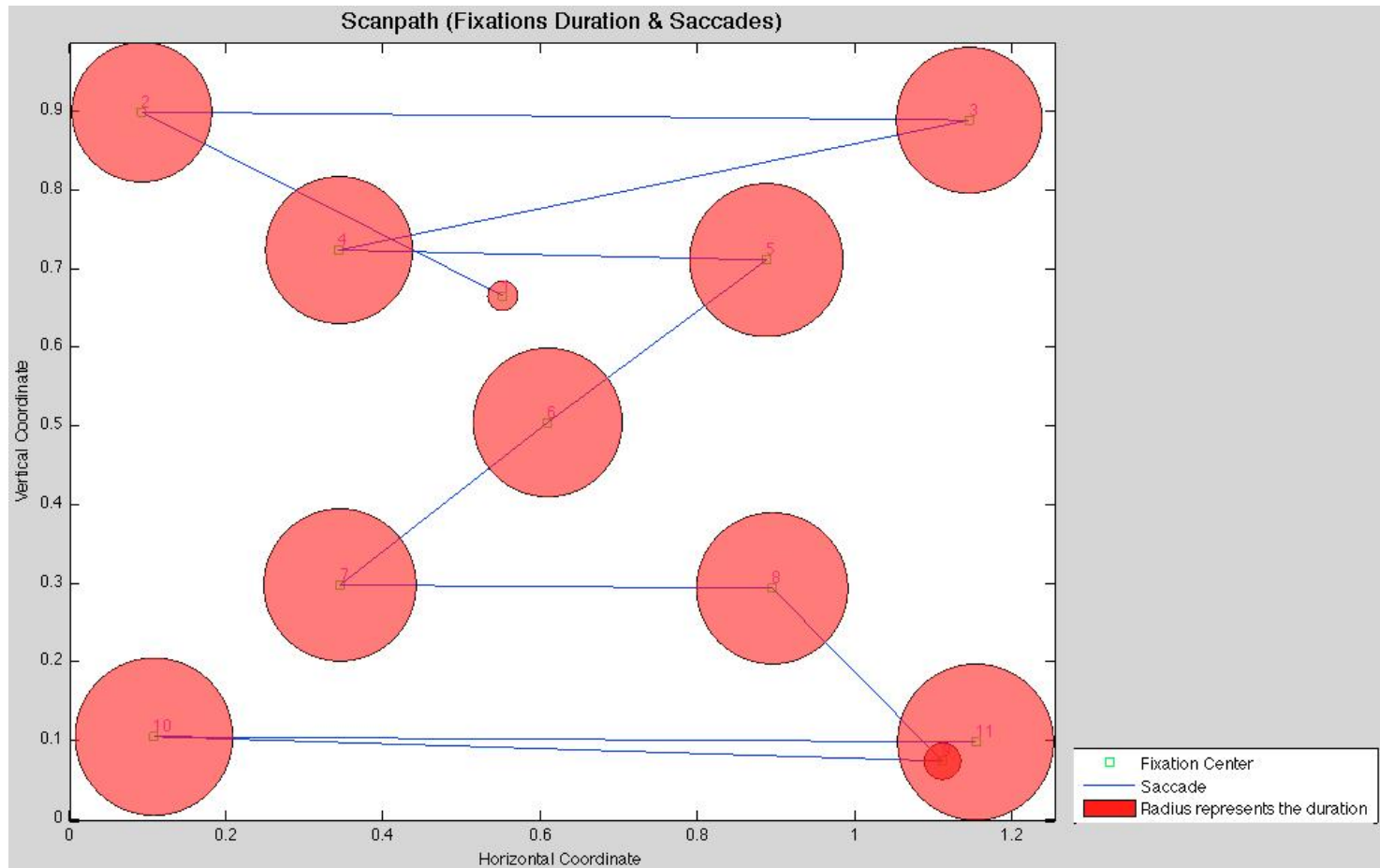
Example 1: visualizations (3)



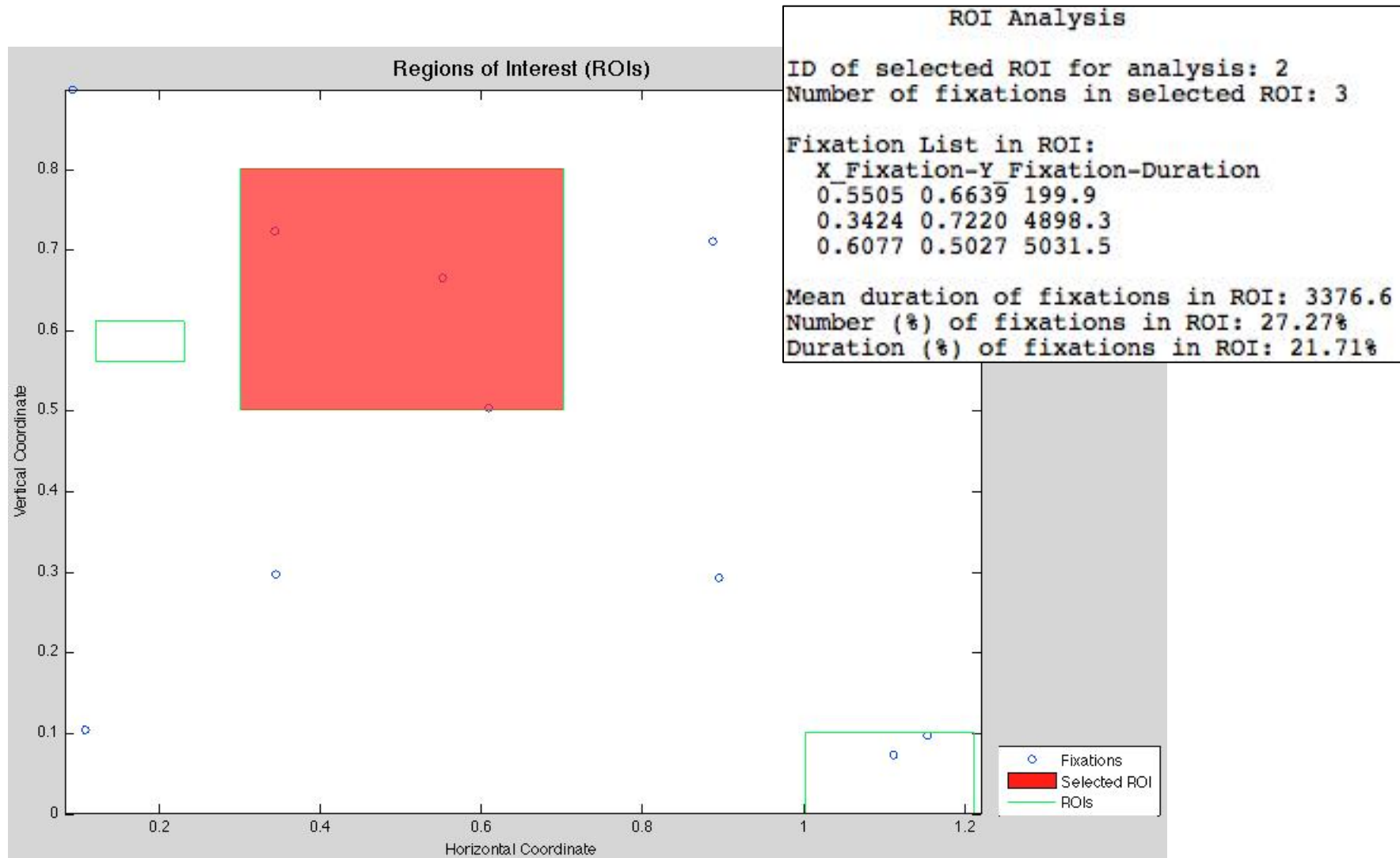
Example 1: visualizations (4)



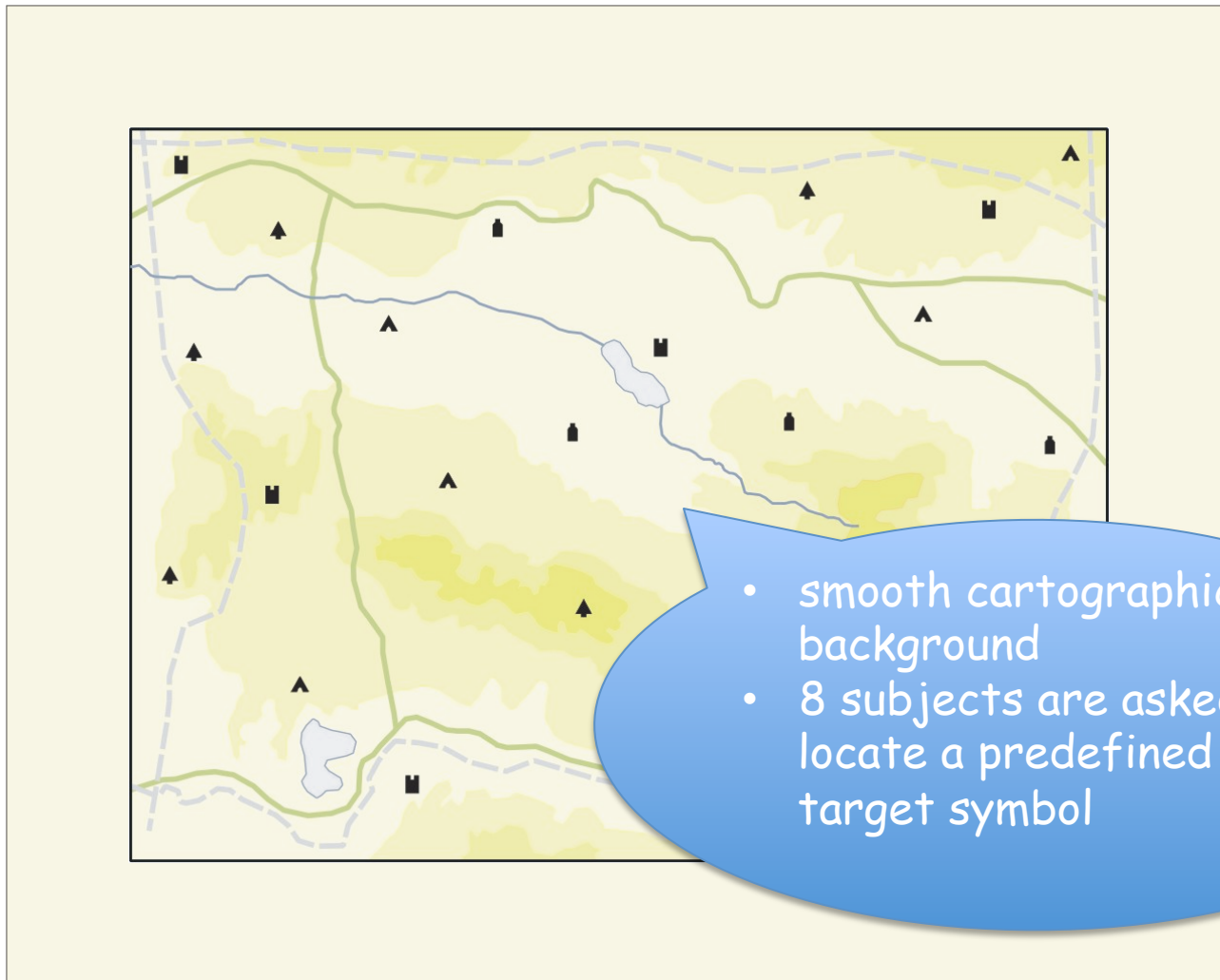
Example 1: visualizations (5)



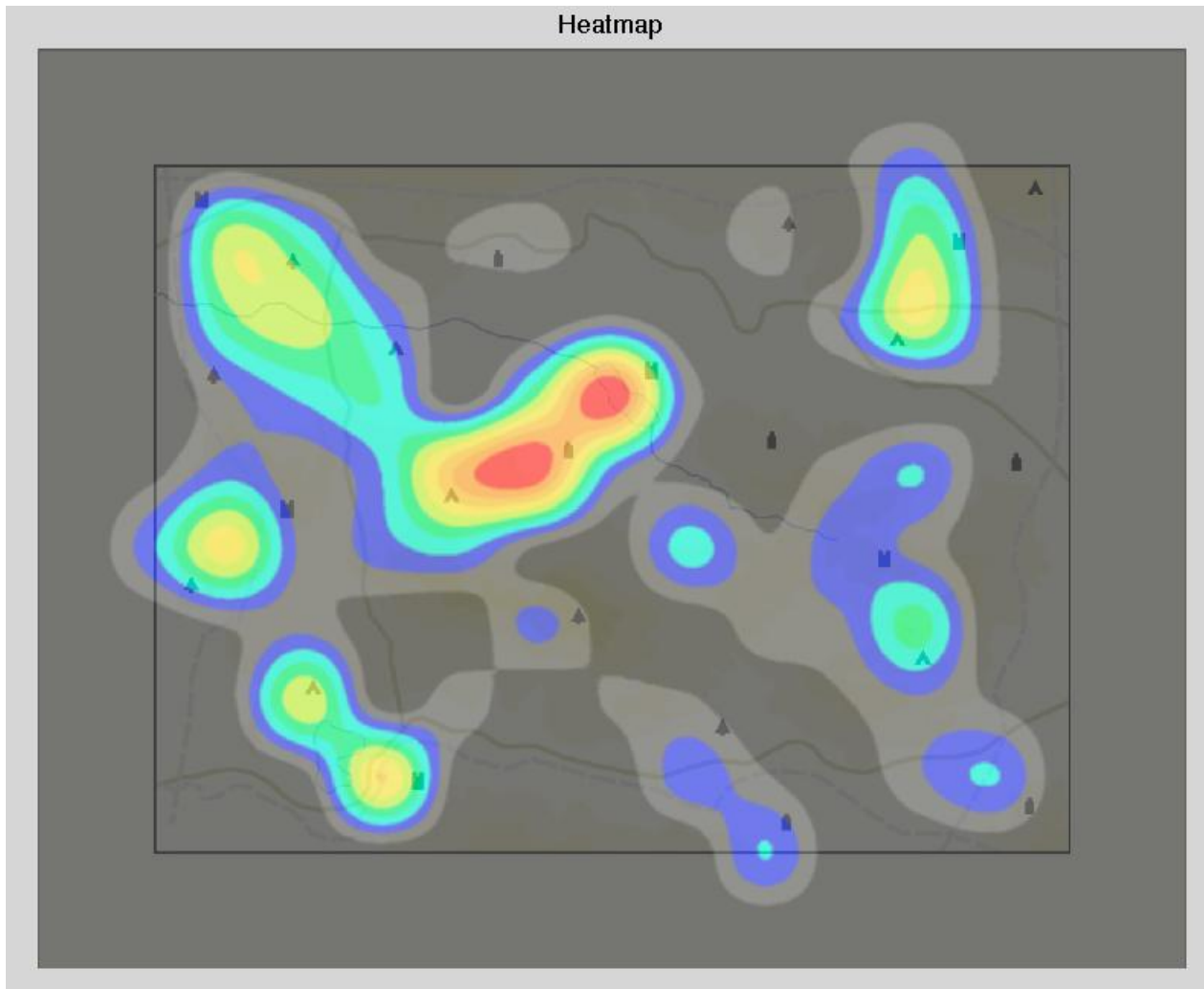
Example 1: ROIs analysis



Example 2: executing EyeMMV Toolbox using eye movement recording during the observation of cartographic background



Example 2: heatmap visualization



Conclusions

- EyeMMV is a complete MATLAB based Toolbox for post-experimental eye movement analysis
- fixation detection is based on an introduced algorithm based on spatial and temporal parameters
- supports all the well-known metrics and visualization techniques
- different approach from existing tools. There is no Graphical User Interface: list of functions (Toolbox)
- EyeMMV' s functions can be easily imported in every MATLAB script
- EyeMMV can be executed in every operating system (Windows, Linux and Mac OS)
- EyeMMV will be freely distributed through the internet

Thank you
for your attention